MATH - 4th


September 2015

| Content $\square$ | Skills $\square^{\square}$ | Assessment $\square^{\text {a }}$ | Resources $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Place Value: Rounding/Estimation | 4.NBT. 3 Use place value understanding to round multi-digit whole numbers to any place. | 1. Chapter 1 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 2. Chapter 1 Assessment | District 709 WebLinks - Brain Pop Video: Rounding |
| 2. Addition/Subtraction Algorithms |  | 3. Chapter 2 Progress Check (Lessons 2.1-2.4) | - Math Magician |
|  | 4.NBT. 4 Fluently add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm. | 4. Chapter 2 Progress Check (Lessons 2.5-2.7) <br> 5. Chapter 2 Practice, Review, and Reflect | - Math Baseball <br> - Spacey Math |
| 3. Multistep Word Problems |  | 6. Chapter 2 Assessment |  |
|  | 4.OA.3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and |  |  |
| 4. Number/Shape Patterns | estimation strategies including rounding. |  |  |
|  | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. |  |  |


| October 2015 |  |  |  |
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| Content $\square$ | Skills $\square$ | Assessment $\square^{\text {a }}$ | Resources $\square$ |
| 1. Relationship of Multiplication and Division/Fact Families | 4.OA.1 Interpret a multiplication equation as a comparison, e.g., interpret $35=5 \times 7$ as a statement that 35 is 5 times as many as 7 and 7 times as many as 5. Represent verbal statements of multiplicative comparisons as multiplication equations. | 1. Chapter 3 Progress Check (Lessons 3.1-3.4) <br> 2. Chapter 3 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 3. Chapter 3 Assessment | District 709 WebLinks: <br> - Brain Pop Video: Multiplication <br> - Brain Pop Video: Commutative Property <br> - Brain Pop Video: Associative Property <br> - Math Magician <br> - AAA Math Grade 4 |
| 2. Multiplication/Division Facts |  |  |  |
| 3. Properties of Multiplication and Division | 4.NBT. 5 Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a one-digit whole number, and multiply two two-digit numbers, using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. |  |  |
| 4. Factors and Multiples | 4.OA. 4 Find all factor pairs for a whole number in the range 1-100. Recognize that a whole number is a multiple of each of its factors. Determine whether a given whole number in the range 1-100 is a multiple of a given one-digit number. Determine whether a given whole number in the range $1-100$ is prime or composite. 3 |  |  |
| 5. Multistep Word Problems | 4.OA. 3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. 8 |  |  |
| 6. Number/Shape Patterns | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent |  |  |

November 2015

| Content $\square$ | Skills ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | Assessment $\square^{\square}$ | Resources $\quad$ - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Multiplication Using Larger Numbers (up to 4digit by 1 -digit) | 4.NBT. 5 Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a one-digit whole number, and multiply two two-digit numbers, using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. | 1. Chapter 4 Progress Check (Lessons 4.1-4.4) <br> 2. Chapter 4 Progress Check (Lessons 4.5-4.9) <br> 3. Chapter 4 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 4. Chapter 4 Assessment | IXL Math |
| 2. Multistep Word Problems | 4.OA.2 Multiply or divide to solve word problems involving multiplicative comparison, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem, distinguishing multiplicative comparison from additive comparison 8 |  |  |
|  | 4.OA.3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. |  |  |
| 3. Number/Shape Patterns | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. |  |  |

December 2015

| Content $\square^{\square}$ | Skills ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Assessment ${ }^{\text {回 }}$ | Resources $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Multiplication Using Larger Numbers (2-digit by 2 -digit) | 4.NBT. 5 Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a one-digit whole number, and multiply two two-digit numbers, using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. | 1. Chapter 5 Progress Check (Lessons 5.1-5.2) <br> 2. Chapter 5 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 3. Chapter 5 Assessment | IXL Math |
| 2. Multistep Word Problems | 4.OA. 3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. |  |  |
| 3. Number/Shape Patterns | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. |  |  |


| January 2016 |  |  |  |
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| Content ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Skills ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Assessment $\square^{\square}$ | Resources ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1. Area and Perimeter | 4.MD. 3 Apply the area and perimeter formulas for rectangles in real world and mathematical problems. | 1. Chapter 13 Progress Check (Lessons 13.113.2) <br> 2. Chapter 13 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 3. Chapter 13 Assessment <br> 4. Chapter 14 Progress Check (Lessons 14.114.2) | District 709 Web Links: <br> - FunBrain Shape Surveyor <br> - AAA Math Geometry <br> - Pattern Generator <br> - Geometry Jeopardy <br> - Brain Pop Video: Parallel and Perpendicular Lines <br> - Geometry Project Web |
| 2. Two-Dimensional Geometry (Lines, Rays, and Angles) | 4.G. 1 Draw points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse), and perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify these in twodimensional figures. <br> 4.G.2 Classify two-dimensional figures based on the presence or absence of parallel or perpendicular lines, or the presence or absence of angles of a specified size. Recognize right triangles as a category, and identify right triangles. |  |  |
| 3. Multistep Word Problems | 4.OA. 3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. |  |  |
| 4. Number/Shape Patterns | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. |  |  |

February 2016

| Content $\square$ | Skills $\quad$ - | Assessment $\square^{\square}$ | Resources $\square^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Two-Dimensional Geometry (Classifying Angles) | 4.MD. 5 Recognize angles as geometric shapes that are formed wherever two rays share a common endpoint, and understand concepts of angle measurement: <br> 4.MD.5.a An angle is measured with reference to a circle with its center at the common endpoint of the rays, by considering the fraction of the circular arc between the points where the two rays intersect the circle. An angle that turns through $1 / 360$ of a circle is called a one-degree angle," and can be used to measure angles. <br> 4.MD.5.b An angle that turns through $n$ onedegree angles is said to have an angle measure of $n$ degrees. | 1. Chapter 14 Progress Check (Lessons 14.314.7) <br> 2. Chapter 14 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 3. Chapter 14 Assessment | District 709 Web Links: <br> - Symmetry Kaleidoscope <br> - Brain Pop Video: Polygons <br> - Brain Pop Video: Measuring Angles <br> - Symmetry Artist <br> - Angles |
| 2. Two-Dimensional Geometry (Measuring Angles) | 4.MD. 6 Measure angles in whole-number degrees using a protractor. Sketch angles of specified measure. <br> 4.MD. 7 Recognize angle measure as additive. When an angle is decomposed into nonoverlapping parts, the angle measure of the whole is the sum of the angle measures of the parts. Solve addition and subtraction problems to find unknown angles on a diagram in real world and mathematical problems, e.g., by using an equation with a symbol for the unknown angle measure. |  |  |
| 3. Two-Dimensional Geometry (Figures) | 4.G. 2 Classify two-dimensional figures based on the presence or absence of parallel or perpendicular lines, or the presence or absence of angles of a specified size. Recognize right triangles as a category, and identify right triangles. |  |  |
| 4. Two-Dimensional Geometry (Symmetry) | 4.G.3 Recognize a line of symmetry for a twodimensional figure as a line across the figure such that the figure can be folded along the line into matching parts. Identify line-symmetric <br> figures and draw lines of symmetry. |  |  |
|  | 4.OA.3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. |  |  |
| 6. Number/Shape Pater | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. |  |  |

March 2016

| Content $\square$ | Skills ${ }^{\text {回 }}$ | Assessment $\square^{\text {a }}$ | Resources $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Equivalent Fractions | 4.NF. 1 Explain why a fraction $a / b$ is equivalent to a fraction $(n \times a) /(n \times b)$ by using visual fraction models, with attention to how the number and size of the parts differ even though the two fractions themselves are the same size. Use this principle to recognize and generate equivalent fractions. <br> 4.NF. 5 Express a fraction with denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100, and use this technique to add two fractions with respective denominators 10 and 100 . | 1. Chapter 8 Progress Check (Lessons. 8.1-8.2) <br> 2. Chapter 8 Progress Check (Lessons 8.3-8.7) <br> 3. Chapter 8 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 4. Chapter 8 Assessment <br> 5. Chapter 9 Progress Check (Lessons 9.1-9.4) <br> 6. Chapter 9 Progress Check (Lessons 9.5-9.7) <br> 7. Chapter 9 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 8. Chapter 9 Assessment | District 709 Web Links: <br> - AAA Math Grade 4 <br> - Fractions Project Web <br> - Everyday Math Resources--Fractions |
| 2. Decomposing Fractions | 4.NF. 3 Understand a fraction $\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b}$ with $\mathrm{a}>1$ as a sum of fractions $1 / \mathrm{b}$. <br> 4.NF.3.b Decompose a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way, recording each decomposition by an equation. Justify decompositions, e.g., by using a visual fraction model. |  |  |
| 3. Comparing and Ordering Fractions | 4.NF. 2 Compare two fractions with different numerators and different denominators, e.g., by creating common denominators or numerators, or by comparing to a benchmark fraction such as $1 / 2$. Recognize that comparisons are valid only when the two fractions refer to the same whole. Record the results of comparisons with symbols >, =, or <, and justify the conclusions, <br> e.g., by using a visual fraction model |  |  |
| 4. Fraction Algorithms (Addition and Subtraction) | 4.NF.3.a Understand addition and subtraction of fractions as joining and separating parts referring to the same whole. |  |  |


|  | 4.NF.3.b Decompose a fraction into a sum of <br> fractions with the same denominator in more <br> than one way, recording each decomposition by <br> an equation. Justify decompositions, e.g., by <br> using a visual fraction model. |
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| 5. Mixed Numbers | 4.NF.3.c Add and subtract mixed numbers with <br> like denominators, e.g., by replacing each <br> mixed number with an equivalent fraction, <br> and/or by using properties of operations and the <br> relationship between addition and subtraction. |
| 7. Multistep Word Problems Algorithms (Multiplication) | 4.NF.4 Apply and extend previous <br> understandings of multiplication to multiply a <br> fraction by a whole numberv |
|  | 4.NF.4.a Understand a fraction a/b as a multiple <br> of 1/b. |
|  | 4.NF.4.b Understand a multiple of a/b as a <br> multiple of 1/b, and use this understanding to <br> multiply a fraction by a whole number. |
| 8. Number/Shape Patterns |  |



April 2016

| Content $\square$ | Skills ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | Assessment $\square^{\text {a }}$ | Resources $\quad$ - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Relating Fractions to Decimals | 4.NF. 5 Express a fraction with denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100, and use this technique to add two fractions with respective denominators 10 and 100 . <br> 4.NF. 6 Use decimal notation for fractions with denominators 10 or 100. <br> 4.NF. 7 Compare two decimals to hundredths by reasoning about their size. Recognize that comparisons are valid only when the two decimals refer to the same whole. Record the results of comparisons with the symbols >, $=$, or <, and justify the conclusions, e.g., by using a visual model.c | 1. Chapter 10 Progress Check (Lessons 10.110.3) <br> 2. Chapter 10 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 3. Chapter 10 Assessment <br> 4. Chapter 6 Progress Check (Lessons 6.1-6.6) <br> 5. Chapter 6 Progress Check (Lessons 6.7-6.9) <br> 6. Chapter 6 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 7. Chapter 6 Assessment | District 709 Web Links: <br> - Brain Pop Video: Decimals <br> - Everyday Math Resources--Division |
| 2. Long Division | 4.NBT. 6 Find whole-number quotients and remainders with up to four-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. |  |  |
| 3 Multistep Word Problems | 4.OA. 3 Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. |  |  |
|  | 4.OA. 5 Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. |  |  |

May 2016

| Content $\square$ | Skills ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Assessment $\square^{\square}$ | Resources $\square^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Customary Measurement | 4.MD. 1 Know relative sizes of measurement units within one system of units including $\mathrm{km}, \mathrm{m}$, $\mathrm{cm} ; \mathrm{kg}, \mathrm{g} ; \mathrm{lb}, \mathrm{oz} . ; \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{ml}$; hr, min, sec. Within a single system of measurement, express measurements in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Record measurement equivalents in a two-column table. <br> 4.MD. 4 Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit ( $1 / 2,1 / 4$, $1 / 8)$. Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions by using information | 1. Chapter 11 Progress Check (Lessons 11.111.4) <br> 2. Chapter 11 Progress Check (Lessons 11.511.7) <br> 3. Chapter 11 Practice, Review, and Reflect <br> 4. Chapter 11 Assessment <br> 5. Chapter 12 Progress Check (Lessons 12.112.3) | District 709 Web Links: <br> - FunBrain Measuring <br> - Interactive Measurement <br> - AAA Math Grade 4 <br> - Customary Measurement Project Web <br> - Brain Pop Video: Measurement |

